**eco** Chang



### FACTORY AUTOMATION

# **INVERTER FR-D700**

**Global standard** 





- Pursuing the easy operation
- Long life and simple maintenance
- Compact and space-saving
- Supporting various applications

# GLOBAL IMPACT OF MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC



Through Mitsubishi Electric's vision, "Changes for the Better" are possible for a brighter future.

### Changes for the Better

We bring together the best minds to create the best technologies. At Mitsubishi Electric, we understand that technology is the driving force of change in our lives. By bringing greater comfort to daily life, maximizing the efficiency of businesses and keeping things running across society, we integrate technology and innovation to bring changes for the better. Mitsubishi Electric is involved in many areas including the following

### **Energy and Electric Systems**

A wide range of power and electrical products from generators to large-scale displays.

### **Electronic Devices**

A wide portfolio of cutting-edge semiconductor devices for systems and products.

### **Home Appliance**

Dependable consumer products like air conditioners and home entertainment systems.

### Information and Communication Systems

Commercial and consumer-centric equipment, products and systems.

### **Industrial Automation Systems**

Maximizing productivity and efficiency with cutting-edge automation technology.

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# **GLOBAL STANDARD**

# New standard of inverter

Highly reliable inverter!

### (1) Safety stop function

The FR-D700 series is compliant to the EU Machinery Directive without the addition of previously required external devices. Operation of an external Emergency Stop device results in a highly reliable immediate shutoff of the D700's output to the motor.

This safety stop function conforms to the following standards.

EN ISO 13849-1 Category 3 / PLd EN62061 / IEC61508 SIL2



### (2) Spring clamp terminal (control circuit terminal)

With spring clamp terminals<sup>\*</sup>, the wiring became easier and more secure. <sup>\*</sup>: Main circuit terminal is screw terminal.

# And the second result And

### (3) Long-life design

• The design life of the cooling fan has been extended to 10 years<sup>\*1</sup>. The life of the fan can be further extended utilizing the it's ON/OFF control.

• The design life of the capacitors has been extended to 10 years<sup>+1+2</sup> by adopting a capacitor that endures about 5000 hours at 105°C surrounding air temperature.

\*1: Surrounding air temperature : annual average 40°C (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt) Since the design life is a calculated value, it is not a guaranteed value.

\*2: Output current : 80% of the inverter rated current

### •Estimated service lifespan of the long-life parts

Components	Estimated lifespan of the FR-D700	Guideline of JEMA <sup>'3</sup>
Cooling fan	10 years	2 to 3 years
Main circuit smoothing capacitor	10 years	5 years
Printed board smoothing capacitor	10 years	5 years

\*3: Excerpts from "Periodic check of the transistorized inverter" of JEMA (Japan Electrical Manufacture's Association)

- (4) Leading life check function
- Degrees of deterioration of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, and inrush current limit circuit can be monitored.
- •Trouble can be avoided with the self-diagnostic alarm<sup>\*4</sup> that is output when the life span is near.
- \*4: If any one of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, inrush current restriction circuit or cooling fan reaches the output level, an alarm is output. Capacity of the main circuit capacitor can be measured by setting parameter at a stop and turning the power from off to on. Measuring the capacity enables alarm to be output. The cooling fan outputs alarm by using fan speed detection.

### (5) Password function

Registering a 4-digit password can limit parameter read/write. It is effective for parameter setting protection.



# REQROL-D700



# Easy use and time saving built-in as standard

### Quick setup with the setting dial

Setting dial is the feature of Mitsubishi inverters.

- Displayed numbers can be jumped by turning the setting dial quickly, and numbers can be changed one by one by turning it slowly, enabling speedy parameter setting.
- •The nonslip setting dial is easier to turn.

### Easy setting from a personal computer using the FR Configurator (option)

Connecting a personal computer and the inverter via RS-485 communication enables setting with wizard (interactive) function of the FR Configurator (inverter setup software).

In addition, a parameter setting can be converted from the FR-S500 series to the FR-D700 series by "Convert" function. "Graph" function displays monitor data in waveform.



### **Enclosure surface operation panel** FR-PA07 (option)

Optional enclosure surface operation panel (FR-PA07) can be connected. In addition, an operation panel for the FR-E500 series

can be connected.

The operation panel of the inverter can not be removed. A parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB20) is separately necessary.



### (4) Parameter unit FR-PU07 (option)

An optional parameter unit (FR-PU07) can be connected as well. A parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB20) is separately necessary.

 Setting such as direct input method with a numeric keypad, operation status indication, and help function are usable.

Eight languages can be displayed.

 Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored.



### (5) Enhanced communication function

Mitsubishi inverter protocol and MODBUS®RTU Communication speed of RS-485 has been improved (communication at 38.4kbps is available)

(2) Side by side installation saves space

Space can be saved by side by side no clearance installation\*.

\*: Use the inverter at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less

"Multi command mode" has been added to Mitsubishi inverter protocol (data processing time of the inverter has been reduced to 1/4) Supports MODBUS®RTU

# **Compact and space saving**

MELSOFT

### Easily replaceable compact body (1)

Installation size is the same as that of the FR-S500 series which is the smallest model of the Mitsubishi inverter.



FR-D740-0.4K FR-S540E-0.4K

Introducing the Mitsubishi magnetic

Offers a selection of small frames

 Supports small loads (auxiliary contact) Offers a line-up of safety contactors
 Supports many international regulations as standard



Refer to page 28 for the selection

# FREGROL D700

# **Easy maintenance**

### (1) Easy replacement of cooling fan

**EU RoHS Directive compliant** 

RoHS Directive requires member nations to guarantee that new electrical and electronic

equipment sold in the market after July 1, 2006 do not contain lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ether

Filterpack FR-BFP2 (option)

Power factor improving DC reactor, zero phase reactor, and

capacitative filter (radio noise filter), are frequently-used units for an air conditioning application. The filterpack combines those

<G> mark indicating RoHS Directive compliance is printed on the package.

Human and environment-friendly inverter in compliant with RoHS

A cooling fan is provided on top of the inverter of all capacities requiring a cooling fan (1.5K or more).

A cooling fan can be easily replaced without disconnecting main circuit wires.

Directive.

(PBDE) flame retardants.



### **Combed shaped wiring cover** (2)

**EMC** Directive compliant noise filter

**Compliance with a variety of standards** 

Complies with UL, cUL, and EC Directives (CE marking), and the Radio Waves Act (South Korea) (KC marking). It is also certified as

compliant with the Eurasian Conformity (EAC).

US (

Compliance to the EMC Directive of European Norm is easier.

•Noise filter option which is compatible with EMC Directive

(EN61800-3 2nd Environment Category C3) is available.

Since a cover can be fitted after wiring, wiring work is easily done.

**Environment consciousness in global standard** 

(4)





Standard Specification

Operation panel Parameter unit

### The single-phase 100V power input model is not compliant with the EMC Directive. Lineup The lineup of three phase 200V/400V class goes to 15K.

- For a use in harsh environment, special unit with board coating is also available. Please contact our sales representative.
- For the FR-D700 series, North American (NA), EU (EC), and Chinese (CHT) specifications also are supported.

\*: This catalog explains based on the Japanese specifications. Consult our sales office for specifications of each country.

three units are available as an option.



\*: Output of the single-phase 200V and single-phase 100V input models is three-phase 200V.

 Available models -: Not available

### Rating

### • Three-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-D720-⊟K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
	Model FR-D720-□-NA	008	014	025	042	070	100	165	238	318	—	
Ap	plicable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.7	2.8	4.0	6.6	9.5	12.7	17.9	23.1
Ħ	Rated current (A)	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	7.0	10.0	16.5	23.8	31.8	45.0	58.0
Output	Overload current rating*3			150	0% 60s, 2	200% 0.5	s (inverse	nverse-time characteristics)				
0	Rated voltage*4		Three-phase 200 to 240V									
	Regenerative braking torque*5	15	0%	10	0%	50% 20%						
١y	Rated input AC voltage/frequency				Three	e-phase 2	200 to 24	0V 50Hz/	60Hz			
supply	Permissible AC voltage					170 to '	264V 50⊢	7/6047				
er SI	fluctuation					170 10 2	204 0 301	12/00112				
ower	Permissible frequency fluctuation						±5%					
ď	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	0.4	0.7	1.2	2.1	4.0	5.5	9.0	12.0	17.0	20.0	27.0
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)					Enclo	sed type	(IP20)				
Co	Cooling system		Self-c	ooling				Forc	ed air co	oling		
Ар	proximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	3.6	3.6	6.5	6.5

### • Three-phase 400V power supply

Model FR-D740-⊡K		0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
	Model FR-D740-□-NA	012	022	036	050	080	120	160	—	_	
	Model FR-D740-□(SC)-EC	012	022	036	050	080	120	160	—	_	
	Model FR-D740-⊡K-CHT	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	—	_	
Ар	plicable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.9	1.7	2.7	3.8	6.1	9.1	12.2	17.5	22.5	
Ħ	Rated current (A)	1.2	2.2	3.6	5.0	8.0	12.0	16.0	23.0	29.5	
Output	Overload current rating*3		150	0% 60s, 2	200% 0.5	s (inverse	e-time cha	aracteristi	tics)		
0	Rated voltage*4	Three-phase 380 to 480V									
	Regenerative braking torque*5	10	0%	50%	20%						
γ	Rated input AC voltage/frequency			Three	e-phase 3	380 to 48	0V 50Hz/	60Hz			
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation				325 to \$	528V 50H	lz/60Hz				
ers	Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5%									
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9.5	12.0	17.0	20.0	28.0	
Pro	Protective structure (JEM1030)				Enclo	sed type	(IP20)				
Co	oling system	Self-cooling Forced air cooling									
Ар	proximate mass (kg)	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	3.3	3.3	6.0	6.0	

\*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.

\*2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 230V for three-phase 200V class and 440V for three-phase 400V class.

\*3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.

\*4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about  $\sqrt{2}$  that of the power supply.

\*5 The braking torque indicated is a short-duration average torque (which varies with motor loss) when the motor alone is decelerated from 60Hz in the shortest time and is not a continuous regenerative torque. When the motor is decelerated from the frequency higher than the base frequency, the average deceleration torque will reduce. Since the inverter does not contain a brake resistor, use the optional brake resistor when regenerative energy is large. (The option brake resistor cannot be used for 0.1K and 0.2K.) A brake unit (FR-BU2) may also be used.

\*6 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

### Single-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-D720S-⊡K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
	Model FR-D720S-□-NA	008	014	025	042	070	100	
	Model FR-D720S-□(SC)-EC	008	014	025	042	070	100	
	Model FR-D720S-⊡K-CHT	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
App	licable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.7	2.8	4.0	
Ħ	Rated current (A)	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	7.0	10.0	
Output	Overload current rating*3	150% 60s, 200% 0.5s (inverse-time characteristics)						
Õ	Rated voltage*4	Three-phase 200 to 240V						
	Regenerative braking torque*5	15	0%	100%		50%	20%	
oly	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz						
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation		1	70 to 264V	50Hz/60H	Z		
er S	Permissible frequency fluctuation			±5	%			
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.3	4.0	5.2	
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Enclosed type (IP20)						
Coc	oling system	Self-cooling Forced ai			ir cooling			
App	proximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.5	2.0	

### • Single-phase 100V power supply

	Model FR-D710W-⊡K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	
	Model FR-D710W-⊡-NA	008	014	025	042	
App	licable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.7	
	Rated current (A)	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	
Output	Overload current rating*3		150% 60s,	200% 0.5s		
Out	Ovendad current rating*3	(inverse-time characteristics)				
	Rated voltage	Three-phase 200 to 230V*7, *8				
	Regenerative braking torque*5	150% 1			00%	
oly	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 100 to 115V 50Hz/60Hz				
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	90 to 132V 50Hz/60Hz				
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation		±5	5%		
Power :	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.5	
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Enclosed type (IP20)				
Coc	bling system		Self-c	ooling		
Арр	proximate mass (kg)	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.4	

\*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.

\*2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 230V.

\*3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load. If the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function (*Pr. 57*) or power failure stop function (*Pr. 261*) is set and power supply voltage is low while load becomes bigger, the bus voltage decreases to power failure detection level and load of 100% or more may not be available.

\*4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about  $\sqrt{2}$  that of the power supply.

\*5 The braking torque indicated is a short-duration average torque (which varies with motor loss) when the motor alone is decelerated from 60Hz in the shortest time and is not a continuous regenerative torque. When the motor is decelerated from the frequency higher than the base frequency, the average deceleration torque will reduce. Since the inverter does not contain a brake resistor, use the optional brake resistor when regenerative energy is large. (The option brake resistor cannot be used for 0.1K and 0.2K.) A brake unit (FR-BU2) may also be used.

\*6 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

\*7 For single-phase 100V power input model, the maximum output voltage is twice the amount of the power supply voltage and cannot be exceeded.

\*8 In a single-phase 100V power input model, the output voltage may fall down when the load is heavy, and larger output current may flow compared to a threephase input model. Use the motor with less load so that the output current is within the rated motor current range.

### **Common specifications**

	Co	ntrol method		Soft-PWM control/high carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control, and Optimum excitation control are available)
	011	tput frequency ra	ande	0.2 to 400Hz
Control specifications	Fre		Analog input	0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 10V/10 bits) 0.12Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 5V/9 bits) 0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal4: 0 to 20mA/10 bits)
cat	103		Digital input	0.01Hz
Ĕ.	Fre	equency	Analog input	Within ±1% of the max. output frequency (25°C ±10°C)
Sec		• •	Digital input	Within 0.01% of the set output frequency
S		Itage/frequency c	• •	Base frequency can be set from 0 to 400Hz. Constant-torque/variable torque pattern can be selected
5		arting torque		150% or more (at 1Hz)when General-purpose magnetic flux vector control and slip compensation is set
0		rque boost		Manual torgue boost
U		celeration/deceler	ation time setting	0.1 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), Linear and S-pattern acceleration/deceleration modes are available.
	DC	injection brake		Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), and operation voltage (0 to 30%) can be changed
	_	all prevention ope	eration level	Operation current level (0 to 200%), and whether to use the function or not can be selected
		equency setting	Analog input	Two terminals Terminal 2: 0 to 10V and 0 to 5V are available Terminal 4: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, and 4 to 20mA are available
	sıg	Inal	Digital input	The signal is entered from the operation panel or parameter unit. Frequency setting increment can be set.
	Sta	art signal		Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selected.
ations	Input signal (five terminals)			The following signals can be assigned to <i>Pr. 178 to Pr.182 (input terminal function selection)</i> : multi-speed selection, remote setting, second function selection, terminal 4 input selection, JOG operation selection, PID control valid terminal, external thermal input, PU-External operation switchover, V/F switchover, output stop, start self-holding selection, forward rotation, reverse rotation command, inverter reset, PU-NET operation switchover, External-NET operation switchover, command source switchover, inverter operation enable signal, and PU operation external interlock.
on specifications	Ор	Operational functions		Maximum/minimum frequency setting, frequency jump operation, external thermal relay input selection, automatic restart after instantaneous power failure operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, remote setting, second function, multi-speed operation, regeneration avoidance, slip compensation, operation mode selection, offline auto tuning function, PID control, computer link operation (RS-485), Optimum excitation control, power failure stop, speed smoothing control, MODBUS RTU
ati	Ou	Output signal		The following signals can be assigned to Pr.190, Pr.192 and Pr.197 (output terminal function selection): inverter
Operation	Open collector output (two terminals) Relay output (one terminal) Operating status			operation, up-to-frequency, overload alarm, output frequency detection, regenerative brake pre-alarm, electronic thermal relay function pre-alarm, inverter operation ready, output current detection, zero current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward/reverse rotation output, fan alarm*1, heatsink overheat pre-alarm, deceleration at an instantaneous power failure, PID control activated, PID output interruption, safety monitor output 2, during retry, life alarm, current average value monitor, remote output, alarm output, fault output, fault output 3, and maintenance timer alarm.
		For meter Pulse train output (MAX 2.4kHz: one terminal)		The following signals can be assigned to <i>Pr.54 FM terminal function selection:</i> output frequency, output current (steady), output voltage, frequency setting, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, reference voltage output, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, output power, PID deviation, motor thermal load factor. Pulse train output (1440 pulses/s/full scale)
cation		eration panel	Operating status	The following operating status can be displayed: output frequency, output current (steady), output voltage, frequency setting, cumulative energization time, actual operation time, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, PID deviation, inverter I/O terminal monitor, output power, cumulative power, motor thermal load factor, inverter thermal load factor, and PTC thermistor resistance.
Indi	(FF		Fault record	Fault record is displayed when a fault occurs. Past 8 fault records (output voltage/current/frequency/cumulative energization time right before the fault occurs) are stored.
			Interactive guidance	Function (help) for operation guide *2
	Protective/warning function			Overcurrent during acceleration, overcurrent during constant speed, overcurrent during deceleration, overvoltage during acceleration, overvoltage during constant speed, overvoltage during deceleration, inverter protection thermal operation, motor protection thermal operation, heatsink overheat, input phase loss *3 *4, output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start*3, output short circuit, output phase loss, external thermal relay operation *3, PTC thermistor operation*3, parameter error, PU disconnection, retry count excess *3, CPU fault, brake transistor alarm, inrush resistance overheat, analog input error, stall prevention operation, output current detection value exceeded *3, safety circuit fault
			Warning function	Fan alarm*1, overcurrent stall prevention, overvoltage stall prevention, PU stop, parameter write error, regenerative brake pre-alarm *3, electronic thermal relay function pre-alarm, maintenance output *3, undervoltage, operation panel lock, password locked, inverter reset, safety stop
'nt	Su	rrounding air tem	perature	-10°C to +50°C maximum (non-freezing) *5
Environment	Am	nbient humidity		90%RH or less (non-condensing)
U O	Sto	orage temperatur	<b>e</b> *6	-20°C to +65°C
۲i	Atr	mosphere		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)
Б	Alt	itude/vibration		Maximum 1000m above sea level, 5.9m/s <sup>2</sup> or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)
*1			re not provided with th	e cooling fan, this alarm does not function.

\*2 \*3 \*4 \*5 \*6

As the 0.75C of lower are not provided with the cooling fail, this afail does not function. This operation guide is only available with option parameter unit (FR-PU07). This protective function is not available in the initial status. This protective function is available with the three-phase power input specification model only. When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less, the inverters can be installed closely attached (0cm clearance). Temperatures applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.

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Inverter Model W W1 D D1

Inverter Model	W	W1	D	D1	
FR-D720-1.5K, 2.2K FR-D740-1.5K			135.5	60	
FR-D740-0.4K, 0.75K			129.5	54	
FR-D740-2.2K FR-D720S-1.5K	108	96	155.5	60	
FR-D740-3.7K			165.5		
FR-D710W-0.75K			149.5	54	
FR-D720-3.7K	170	158	142.5	66.5	
			(	(Unit: m	m)

# $\mathbb{R}$

### •FR-D720S-2.2K



•FR-D720-5.5K, 7.5K

•FR-D740-5.5K, 7.5K



# $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$ series

•FR-D720-11K, 15K •FR-D740-11K, 15K



•Enclosure surface operation panel (option) (FR-PA07)



### **Terminal Connection Diagram**

# REURILD700 series



### Note

To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.

After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

• The output of the single-phase power input specification is three-phase 200V.

### **Terminal Specification Explanation**

# HILLIOL D700 series

Т	уре	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description						
		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 *	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply. Keep these terminals op factor converter (FR-HC2) or power regeneration common convert * When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/	er (FR-CV).	Features				
suit		U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.		-eat				
	ircui	P/+, PR	Brake resistor connection	onnect a brake resistor (FR-ABR, MRS type, MYS type) across terminals P/+ and PR. he brake resistor can not be connected to the 0.1K and 0.2K.)						
Main circuit		P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	onnect the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) or high power ctor converter (FR-HC2).						
		P/+, P1 *	DC reactor connection	emove the jumper across terminals P/+-P1 and connect a DC reactor. ngle-phase 100V power input model is not compatible with DC reactor. Terminal P1 is not available for single-phase 100V power input model.						
			Earth (Ground)	For earthing (grounding) the inverter chassis. Must be earthed (gro	unded).	Standard Specifications				
		STF	Forward rotation start	Turn on the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it off to stop.	When the STF and STR signals	sion ogs				
		STR	Reverse rotation start	Turn on the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it off to stop.	are turned on simultaneously, the stop command is given.	Outline Dimension Drawings				
		RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the combination of RH, R	,	0 Ë Ë				
	1		Contact input common	Common terminal for contact input terminal (sink logic) and termina						
	but		(sink) (initial setting)			ion				
	Contact input	SD	External transistor common (source)	When connecting the transistor output (open collector output), such when source logic is selected, connect the external power supply of terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.	ommon for transistor output to this	minal Connect Diagram ninal Specifica Exolanation				
-	u 0		24VDC power supply common	Common output terminal for 24VDC 0.1A power supply (PC termin Isolated from terminals 5 and SE.	al).	Ter				
Control circuit/input signal		PC	External transistor common (sink) (initial setting)	When connecting the transistor output (open collector output), such when sink logic is selected, connect the external power supply con terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.		Operation panel Parameter unit				
au	•		Contact input common (source)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (source logic).		eratio				
it/i			24VDC power supply	Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A power supply.		Pa				
l circu		10     Frequency setting power supply     Used as power supply when connecting potentiometer for frequency setting (speed setting) from outside of the inverter.     5VDC permissible load current 10mA								
Contro	setting	2	Frequency setting (voltage)	Inputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V) and makes input and output proportional. Use $Pr. 73$ to switch between input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting) and 0 to 10VDC input.	Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC	Parameter List				
	<b>Frequency s</b>	Frequency s	4	Frequency setting (current)	Inputting 4 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5V, 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20mA and makes input and output proportional. This input signal is valid only when the AU signal is ON (terminal 2 input is invalid). To use terminal 4 (initial setting is current input), set "4" in any of <i>Pr.178 to Pr.182 (input terminal function selection)</i> to assign the function, and turn ON AU signal. Use <i>Pr. 267</i> to switch from among input 4 to 20mA (initial setting), o to 5VDC and 0 to 10VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/O to 10V).	Voltage input: Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC Current input: Input resistance $249\Omega \pm 5\Omega$ Maximum permissible current 30mA.	Protective Functions			
		5	Frequency setting common	Common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminals 2 or 4	1). Do not earth (ground).	Options				
PTC	thermistor	10 2	PTC thermistor input	For connecting PTC thermistor output. When PTC thermistor protection is valid ( $Pr: 561 \neq$ "9999"), terminal 2 is not available for frequency setting.	Adaptive PTC thermistor specification Heat detection resistance : $500\Omega$ to $30k\Omega$ (Set by <i>Pr. 561</i> )					
iqnal	lay	A, B, C	Relay output (fault output)	1 changeover contact output indicates that the inverter fault occurs Fault: discontinuity across B-C (continuity across A-C), Normal: co across A-C) Contact capacity 230VAC 0.3A (power factor = 0.4) 30	ntinuity across B-C (discontinuity	Instructions				
Control circuit/output sign	Open collector	RUN	Inverter running	Switched low when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the starting frequency (initial value 0.5Hz). Switched high during stop or DC injection brake operation. (Low is when the open collector output transistor is ON (conducts). High is when the transistor is OFF (does not conduct).)	Permissible load 24VDC (Maximum 27VDC) 0.1A (a voltage drop is 3.4V maximum when the signal is on)	FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List				
lci	ð	SE	Open collector output common	Common terminal of terminal RUN and FU.		R-D7 Spec				
Contro	Pulse	FM	For meter	Select one e.g. output frequency from monitor items. (Not output during inverter reset.) The output signal is proportional to the magnitude of the corresponding monitoring item.	Permissible load current 1mA 1440 pulses/s at 60Hz					
Communication		_	PU connector	With the PU connector, RS-485 communication can be made. · Conforming standard: EIA-485 (RS-485) · Transmission format: Multi-drop link · Communication speed: 4800 to 38400bps · Overall extension: 500m		Warranty International FA Center				
		S1	Safety stop input	Terminals S1 and S2 are for safety stop input signals used with the	Input resistance: 4.7kO					
	Safety stop signal	S2	(Channel 1) Safety stop input (Channel 2)	safety relay module. Terminals S1 and S2 are used simultaneously (dual channel). Inverter output is shut off by shortening/opening across terminals S1 and SC and across S2 and SC. In the initial status, terminals S1 and S2 are shorted with terminal SC by shortening wire. Remove the shortening wire and connect the safety relay module when using the safety stop function.	Input resistance: $4.7k\Omega$ Current: 4 to 6 mA (In case of shorted to SC) Voltage: 21 to 26 V (In case of open from SC)					
	Safety :	SO	Safety monitor output (open collector output)	The signal indicates the status of safety stop input. Low indicates safe state, and High indicates drive enabled or fault detected. (Low is when the open collector output transistor is ON (conducts). High is when the transistor is OFF (does not conduct).)	Permissible load 24VDC (Maximum 27VDC) 0.1A (a voltage drop is 3.4V maximum when the signal is on)					
		SC	Safety stop input terminal common	Common terminal for terminals S1, S2 and SO. Connected to term	inal SD inside of the inverter.					



Note
Set Pr. 267 and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting. Applying a voltage with voltage/current input switch in "l" position (current input is selected) or a current with switch in "V" position (voltage input is selected) could cause component damage of the inverter or analog circuit of output devices.
The inverter will be damaged if power is applied to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W). Never perform such wiring.
indicates that terminal functions can be selected using Pr. 178 to Pr. 182, Pr. 190, Pr. 192, Pr. 197 (I/O terminal function selection).
Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.

Indicates that terminal functions can be selected using *Transcenses*Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.

# **REDEAL** D700 series

### **Explanation of the Operation Panel**

### The operation panel cannot be removed from the inverter.



Output voltage

HILL D700 series

### Basic operation of the operation panel



### **Explanations of Parameter unit**



### Parameter unit (FR-PU07)

- The parameter unit is a convenient tool for inverter setting such as direct input method with a numeric keypad, operation status indication, and help function.
- · Eight languages can be displayed.
- · Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored.
- The parameter unit connection cable FR-CB20 is required for connecting to \* the inverter.

ALARM lamp Lit to indicate an inverter alarm

# **POWER lamp** Lit when the power turns on. Monitor Liquid crystal display (16 characters × 4 lines with backlight) Interactive parameter setting Travities character quidance Trouble shooting guidance Monitor (frequency, current, power, etc.) occurrence. Operation keys (Refer to the table on the right)

FR-PU07

Key	Description
PrSET	Use for parameter setting Press to choose the parameter setting mode.
MON	First priority monitor is displayed. In the initial setting, the output frequency is displayed.
ESC	Operation cancel key
FUNC	Used to display the function menu. A variety of functions can be used on the function menu.
SHIFT	Used to shift to the next item in the setting or monitoring mode.
0 to 9	Used to enter a frequency, parameter number or set value.
EXT	Inverter operates in the External operation mode.
PU	Used to select the PU operation mode to display the frequency setting screen.
	<ul> <li>Used to keep on increasing or decreasing the running frequency. Hold down to vary the frequency.</li> <li>Press either of these keys on the parameter setting mode screen to change the parameter setting value sequentially.</li> <li>On the selecting screen, these keys are used to move the cursor.</li> </ul>
FWD	Forward rotation command key.
REV	Reverse rotation command key.
	<ul><li>Stop command key.</li><li>Used to reset the inverter when an alarm occurs.</li></ul>
WRITE	<ul> <li>Used to write a set value in the setting mode.</li> <li>Used as a clear key in the all parameter clear or alarm history clear mode.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Used as a decimal point when entering numerical value.</li> <li>The monitor screen selected by the cursor appears.</li> </ul>

### Main functions

Function	on Description			
Monitor 6 types of monitors appear by simply pressing (SHIFT).				
Frequency setting	For PU operation mode and External/PU combined operation mode ( <i>Pr.</i> 79 = "3"), frequency setting is available. Settings is performed by the direct setting, which sets frequency directly by ( $ o$ ) to ( $ o$ ), and the step setting, which sets frequency continuously by ( $ a$ ) ( $ v$ ).			
Parameter Setting	Reading parameter and changing setting values are easily done. To change the setting value of an parameter, specify the parameter number, or select a parameter from the functional parameter list.			
Batch copy	FR-PU07 reads parameter settings of an inverter, and stores three different parameter settings. FR-PU07 can also copy the stored parameter setting to another inverter of the same series, or verify its stored parameter setting against the parameter setting stored in an inverter.			
Operation	Switching between External operation mode [EXT] and PU operation mode [PU] is easy. Start/stop is enabled during PU operation mode and External/PU operation mode ( <i>Pr</i> :79 = "3").			

\* Available function differs by the inverter. Please refer to the instruction manual of the inverter and the parameter unit.

HUROL D700 series

### **Parameter List**

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial setting of the parameters may be used as they are. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change and check can be made from the operation panel. For details of parameters, refer to the Instruction Manual. This catalog explains based on the Japanese specifications.

# 

Only simple mode parameters are displayed by the initial setting of *Pr*: *160 Extended function display selection*. Set *Pr*: *160 Extended function display selection* as required.

Pr. 160	Description
9999	Parameters classified as simple mode can be displayed.
(initial value)	r arameters classified as simple mode can be displayed.
0	Both the parameters classified as simple mode and the parameters
0	classified as extended mode can be displayed.

Parameter	Name	Unit	Initial	Range	Application
Number	Maine	onit	Value	Range	
0	Torque boost	0.1%	6%/4%/3/ 2%*	0 to 30%	Set when you want to increase a starting torque under V/F control, or when the motor with a load will not rotate, resulting in an alarm [OL] and a trip [OC1]. * Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (0.75K or less/ 1.5K to 3.7K/5.5K, 7.5K/11K, 15K)
1	Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	120Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the maximum output frequency need to be limited.
2	Minimum frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the minimum output frequency need to be limited.
3	Base frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when the rated motor frequency is 50Hz. Check the motor rating plate.
4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when changing the preset
5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0.01Hz	30Hz	0 to 400Hz	speed in the parameter with a terminal.
6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0.01Hz	10Hz	0 to 400Hz	terminal.
7	Acceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s/15s*	0 to 3600s	Acceleration/deceleration time can be set.
8	Deceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s/15s*	0 to 3600s	<ul> <li>Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (3.7K or less/ 5.5K, 7.5K/11K, 15K)</li> </ul>
9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0.01A	Rated inverter current	0 to 500A	The inverter protects the motor from overheat. Set the rated motor current.
79	Operation mode selection	1	0	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	Select the start command location and frequency setting location.
125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum value of the potentiometer (5V initial value) can be changed.
126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum current input (20mA initial value) can be changed.
160	Extended function display selection	1	9999	0, 9999	Parameter which can be read from the operation panel and parameter unit (FR-PU07) can be restricted.

### • Extended mode parameter

### • REMARKS

• (a) indicates simple mode parameters.

• The shaded parameters in the table allow its setting to be changed during operation even if "0" (initial value) is set in *Pr*. 77 *Parameter write selection.* 

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
	© 0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	0.1%	6/4/3/2% *1	
	© 1	Maximum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	
	© 2	Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
S	© 3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Basic functions	© 4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
ncti	© 5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz	
fu	© 6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	10Hz	
asic	© 7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10/15s *2	
ä	© 8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10/15s *2	
	© 9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	
tion	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	3Hz	
DC injection brake	11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0.5s	
DC	12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	0.1%	6/4/2% *3	
	13	Starting frequency	0 to 60Hz	0.01Hz	0.5Hz	
—	14	Load pattern selection	0 to 3	1	0	
JOG eration	15	Jog frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	5Hz	
JOG operation	16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	0.5s	
	17	MRS input selection	0, 2, 4	1	0	
_	18	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	
_	19	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	0.1V	9999	
Acceleration/ deceleration time	20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
all ntion	22	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Stall prevention	23	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
7	24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
g	25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ulti-spee setting	26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Multi-speed setting	27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
_	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
—	30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
٩	31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Frequency jump	32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
j V	33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ien	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
nbe	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ЕR	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
_	37	Speed display	0, 0.01 to 9998	0.001	0	
_	40	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	1	0	
>	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	0.1%	10%	
enc	42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz	
Frequency detection	43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
S	44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10/15s *2	
Second functions	45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
nnc	46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
id fi	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
con	48	Second stall prevention operation current	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
Se	51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	
ions	52	DU/PU main display data selection	0, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 20, 23 to 25, 52 to 55, 61, 62, 64, 100	1	0	
Monitor functions	54	FM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 21, 24, 52, 53, 61, 62	1	1	
itor	55	Frequency monitoring reference	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Mon	56	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	
Automatic restart functions	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
Auto res funci	58	Restart cushion time	0 to 60s	0.1s	1s	
	59	Remote function selection	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	
—	60	Energy saving control selection	0, 9	1	0	
	65	Retry selection	0 to 5	1	0	
_	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
٨	67	Number of retries at fault occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	1	0	
Retry	68	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 600s	0.1s	1s	
R	69	Retry count display erase	0	1	0	
	70	Special regenerative brake duty	0 to 30%	0.1%	0%	
	71	Applied motor	0, 1, 3, 13, 23, 40, 43, 50, 53	1	0	
—	72	PWM frequency selection	0 to 15	1	1	
_	73	Analog input selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
—	74	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1	1	
	75	Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection	0 to 3, 14 to 17	1	14	
_	77	Parameter write selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
_	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
—	© 79	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	1	0	
6	80	Motor capacity	0.1 to 15kW, 9999	0.01kW	9999	
ant	82	Motor excitation current	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	
Motor constants	83	Rated motor voltage	0 to 1000V	0.1V	200V/400V *4	
tor	84	Rated motor frequency	10 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Μο	90	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50Ω , 9999	0.001Ω	9999	
	96	Auto tuning setting/status	0, 11, 21	1	0	
uo	117	PU communication station number	0 to 31 (0 to 247)	1	0	
cati	118	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384	1	192	
iuni	119	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
ШШ	120	PU communication parity check	0, 1, 2	1	2	
S	121	Number of PU communication retries	0 to 10, 9999	1	1	
ctor	122	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999	0.1s	0	
PU connector communication	123 124	PU communication waiting time setting PU communication CR/LF selection	0 to 150ms, 9999 0, 1, 2	1ms 1	9999	
ш	@ 105	Terminal 2 frequency acting agin frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.0111-	6011-	
	© 125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	©126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	

# $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$ series

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Func- tion	Parameter Name Setting Ra		Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
	127	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	128	PID action selection	0, 20, 21, 40 to 43	1	0	
PID operation	129	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	0.1%	100%	
erat	130	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	
ədc	131	PID upper limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
Q	132	PID lower limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
Ч	133	PID action set point	0 to 100%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
	134	PID differential time	0.01 to 10s, 9999	0.01s	9999	
PU	145	PU display language selection	0 to 7	1	0	
_	146 *5	Built-in potentiometer switching	0, 1	1	1	
-	150	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
ent	151	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0s	
Current detection	152	Zero current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	5%	
O de	153	Zero current detection time	0 to 1s	0.01s	0.5s	
_	154	Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation	1, 11	1	1	
_	156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	1	0	
_	157	OL signal output timer	0 to 25s, 9999	0.1s	0s	
_	© 160	Extended function display selection	0, 9999	1	9999	
	161	Frequency setting/key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	
c restart ons	162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
Automatic restart functions	165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Current detection	166	Output current detection signal retention time	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	0.1s	
Current o	167	Output current detection operation selection	0, 1	1	0	
_	168	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do	not set			
—	169	- arameter for manufacturer setting. Du				
ative - clear	170	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	1	9999	
Cumulative monitor clear	171	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	1	9999	
nction	178	STF terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, 25, 60, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	60	
Input terminal function assignment	179	STR terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, 25, 61, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	61	
terr	180	RL terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12,	1	0	
out	181	RM terminal function selection	14, 16, 18, 24, 25,	1	1	
lng	182	RH terminal function selection	62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	2	

# $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$ series

Func- tion Parameter		Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
ignment	190	RUN terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 80, 81, 90, 91, 93, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 180, 181, 190, 191, 193, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	0	
Output terminal function assignment	192	A,B,C terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 80, 81, 90, 91, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 180, 181, 190, 191, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	99	
Output	197	SO terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 80, 81, 90, 91, 93, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 180, 181, 190, 191, 193, 195, 196, 198, 199	1	80	
	232	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ing	233	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Multi-speed setting	234	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
s pe	235	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
pee	236	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ti-s	237	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
٩n	238	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
~	239	Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
_	240	Soft-PWM operation selection	0, 1	1	1	
_	241	Analog input display unit switchover	0, 1	1	0	
_	244	Cooling fan operation selection	0, 1	1	1	
	245	Rated slip	0 to 50%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
Slip compensation	246	Slip compensation time constant	0.01 to 10s	0.01s	0.5s	
сот	247	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	1	9999	
—	249	Earth (ground) fault detection at start	0, 1	1	0	
—	250	Stop selection	0 to 100s, 1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	0.1s	9999	
_	251	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	1	
<u>is</u>	255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	1	0	
sor	256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
Life diagnosis	257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
e di	258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
Lift	259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1 (2, 3, 8, 9)	1	0	
_	260	PWM frequency automatic switchover	0, 1	1	0	
Power failure stop	261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
_	267	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
	268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
	269	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do		-		
_	295	Magnitude of frequency change setting	0, 0.01, 0.10, 1.00, 10.00	0.01	0	
vord ion	296	Password lock level	1 to 6, 101 to 106, 9999	1	9999	
Password function	297	Password lock/unlock	1000 to 9998 (0 to 5, 9999)	1	9999	

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Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
_	299	Rotation direction detection selection at restarting	0, 1, 9999	1	0	
ation	338	Communication operation command source	0, 1	1	0	
RS-485 communication	339	Communication speed command source	0, 1, 2	1	0	
ILLO	340	Communication startup mode selection	0, 1, 10	1	0	
-485 c	342	Communication EEPROM write selection	0, 1	1	0	
RS	343	Communication error count	_	1	0	
Second motor constant	450	Second applied motor	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
Remote Output	495	Remote output selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	
Ren Out	496	Remote output data 1	0 to 4095	1	0	
—	502	Stop mode selection at communication error	0, 1, 2	1	0	
nance	503	Maintenance timer	0 (1 to 9998)	1	0	
Maintenance	504	Maintenance timer alarm output set time	0 to 9998, 9999	1	9999	
ion	549	Protocol selection	0, 1	1	0	
Communication	551	PU mode operation command source selection	2, 4, 9999	1	9999	
—	552	Frequency jump range	0 to 30Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
age or	555	Current average time	0.1 to 1s	0.1s	1s	
tver onit	556	Data output mask time	0 to 20s	0.1s	0s	
Current average time monitor	557	Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	
_	561	PTC thermistor protection level	0.5 to 30k $\Omega$ , 9999	0.01kΩ	9999	
—	563	Energization time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	
	564	Operating time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	
	571	Holding time at a start	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
D tion	575	Output interruption detection time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	
PID operation	576	Output interruption detection level	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
ор	577	Output interruption cancel level	900 to 1100%	0.1%	1000%	
_	611	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
	653	Speed smoothing control	0 to 200%	0.1%	0%	
Protective	665 872 *7	Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100% 0	
on ction	882	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
Regeneration avoidance function	883	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800V	0.1V	400VDC/ 780VDC *4	
Rege	885	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	0 to 10Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	6Hz	
av	886	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100%	

REQROL D	700 series
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Free parameter	888 889 891 C0 (900) *6 C2 (902) *6	Free parameter 1 Free parameter 2 Cumulative power monitor digit shifted times FM terminal calibration Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 9999 0 to 9999 0 to 4, 9999 	1 1 1	9999 9999	
- Fr	891 C0 (900) *6 C2 (902) *6	Cumulative power monitor digit shifted times FM terminal calibration			9999	
-	C0 (900) *6 C2 (902) *6	FM terminal calibration	0 to 4, 9999 —	1		
	(900) *6 C2 (902) *6		_		9999	
	(902) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting hiss		—		
	~~	frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	C3 (902) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	0%	
	125 (903) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
s	C4 (903) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
ameter	C5 (904) *6	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
on par	C6 (904)*6	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	20%	
Calibration parameters	126 (905)*6	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Ö	C7 (905) *6	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
	C22 (922) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage bias frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	C23 (922) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage bias (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	0%	
	C24 (923) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage gain frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	C25 (923) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage gain (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
Ъ	990	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1	1	
₽.	991	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	1	58	
ers je list	Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	
amete chang	ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	
Clear paramete nitial value chang	Er.CL	Faults history clear	0, 1	1	0	
Init	Pr.CH er according to	Initial value change list	—	—	_	

Differ according to capacities. 6%: 0.75K or lower

4%: 1.5K to 3.7K

3%: 5.5K, 7.5K

2%: 11K, 15K

\*2 Differ according to capacities. 5s: 3.7K or lower 10s: 5.5K, 7.5K 15s: 11K, 15K

\*3 Differ according to capacities.

6%: 0.1K, 0.2K

4%: 0.4K to 7.5K

2%: 11K, 15K

\*4 The initial value differs according to the voltage class. (100V class, 200V class / 400V class)

\*5 Set this parameter when calibrating the operation panel built-in potentiometer for the FR-E500 series operation panel (PA02) connected with cable.

\*6 The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the operation panel (PA02) for the FR-E500 series or parameter unit (FR-PU07).

\*7 Available only for the three-phase power input model.

Standard Specifications

Outline Dimension Drawings

Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation

Operation panel Parameter unit

> -aramete List

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

Warranty FR-D700 Series nternational Specification FA Center Difference List

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### **Protective Functions**

# REARCH D700 series

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to any of the following fault or alarm indications.

	Function Name	Description	Display		
e	Operation panel lock	Appears when operation was tried during operation panel lock.	KOLJ		
sag	Password locked	Appears when a password restricted parameter is read/written.	L0[J		
Error message *2	Parameter write error	Appears when an error occurred during parameter writing.	Er I to Er 4		
Ξ	Inverter reset	Appears when the RES signal is on.	Err.		
	Stall prevention (overcurrent)	Appears during overcurrent stall prevention.	ΟL		
	Stall prevention (overvoltage)	Appears during overvoltage stall prevention. Appears while the regeneration avoidance function is activated.	οί		
'n	Regenerative brake pre-alarm *7	Appears if the regenerative brake duty reaches or exceeds 85% of the <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> value. If the regenerative brake duty reaches 100%, a regenerative overvoltage (E. OV_) occurs.	rb		
g n	Electronic thermal relay function pre-alarm	Appears when the electronic thermal O/L relay has reached 85% of the specified value.	ſĸ		
warnings *3	PU stop	Appears when () on the operation panel was pressed during external operation.	ΡS		
	Maintenance signal output *7	Appears when the cumulative energization time has exceeded the maintenance output timer set value.	nr		
	Undervoltage	Appears when the main circuit power became low voltage.	Uu		
	Safety stop	Appears when safety stop function is activated (during output shutoff).	58 58		
Alarms *4	Fan alarm	Appears when the cooling fan remains stopped when operation is required or when the speed has decreased.	۶n		
	Overcurrent trip during acceleration	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during acceleration.	E.0C I		
	Overcurrent trip during constant speed	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during constant speed operation.	5 30.3		
	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	E.DC 3		
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during acceleration.	E.0 u I		
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during constant speed operation.			
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop Inverter overload trip	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	£.0 o 3		
	(electronic thermal O/L relay function)	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for inverter element protection was activated.			
	Motor overload trip (electronic thermal O/L relay function) *1	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for motor protection was activated.	ел нп		
	Heatsink overheat	Appears when the heatsink overheated.	EFI n		
		Appears if one of the three phases on the inverter input side opened. It may function if phase-to-			
	Input phase loss *7 *8*9	phase voltage of the three-phase power input becomes largely unbalanced.	ELLE		
	Stall prevention stop	Appears when the output frequency drops to 1Hz as a result of deceleration due to the excess motor load.	E.0L.F		
÷	Brake transistor alarm detection	This function stops the inverter output if an alarm occurs in the brake circuit, e.g. damaged brake transistors. In this case, the inverter must be powered off immediately.	E. 5E		
Fault *5	Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start *7	Appears when an earth (ground) fault occurred on the inverter's output side. (detects only at a start)	E. GF		
	Output phase loss	If one of the three phases (U, V, W) on the inverter's output side (load side) is lost during inverter operation (except during DC injection brake operation and when output frequency is under 1Hz), inverter stops the output.	ε. ι Γ		
	External thermal relay operation*6 *7	Appears when the external thermal relay connected to the OH signal was activated.	E.0HF		
	PTC thermistor operation *7	Appears when resistance of PTC thermistor connected between terminal 2 and terminal 10 is more than the value set in <i>Pr. 561 PTC thermistor protection level</i> .	E.P.F.C		
	Parameter storage device fault	Appears when operation of the element where parameters stored became abnormal. (control board)	E. PE		
	PU disconnection	Appears when a communication error between the PU and inverter occurred, the communication interval exceeded the permissible time during the RS-485 communication with the PU connector, or	<i>E.PUE</i>		
		communication errors exceeded the number of retries during the RS-485 communication.			
	Retry count excess *7 CPU fault	Appears when the operation was not restarted within the set number of retries. Appears during the CPU and peripheral circuit errors occurred.	<u> 8786</u> 8. 5.		
	Output current detection value	Appears when output current exceeded the output current detection level set by the parameter.	06 3.3 06 3.3		
	exceeded *7				
Appears if voltage(curren		Appears when the resistor of the inrush current limit circuit overheated. Appears if voltage(current) is input to terminal 4 when the setting in <i>Pr.267 Terminal 4 input selection</i> and	<u>ЕЛОН</u> Е.ЯГЕ		
	Analog input fault	the setting of voltage/current input switch are different.			

\*1 Resetting the inverter initializes the internal cumulative heat value of the electronic thermal relay function.

\*2 The error message shows an operational error. The inverter output is not shut off.

\*3 Warnings are messages given before fault occur. The inverter output is not shut off.

\*4 Alarms warn the operator of failures with output signals. The inverter output is not shut off.

\*5 When faults occur, the protective functions are activated to inverter trip and output the fault signals.

\*6 The external thermal operates only when the OH signal is set in Pr. 178 to Pr. 182 (input terminal function selection).

\*7 This protective function does not function in the initial status.
\*8 Protective function activates when *Pr.872 Input phase loss protection selection* = "1".
\*9 This protective function is available with the three-phase power input specification model only.

### **Option list**

By fitting the following options to the inverter, the inverter is provided with more functions.

Name		Model	Applications, Specifications, etc.	Applicable Inverter	E contractor
	Parameter unit (8 languages)	FR-PU07	Interactive parameter unit with LCD display	Shared among all models	
	Enclosure surface operation panel	FR-PA07	This operation panel enables inverter operation and monitoring of frequency, etc. from the enclosure surface Cable for connection of operation panel or parameter unit	Shared among	Standard
	Parameter unit connection cable	FR-CB20□	all models	Stan	
	DIN rail attachment	FR-UDA01 to 03	Attachment for installation on DIN rail	Compatible with the 3.7K or less	
	AC reactor DC reactor	FR-HAL FR-HEL	For harmonic current reduction and inverter input power factor improvement	According to capacities	Outline
	EMC Directive compliant noise filter	SF FR-E5NF FR-S5NFSA	EMC Directive (EN61800-3 C3) compliant noise filter	According to capacities	
	FMC compliant FMC filter FR-A5AT03		For installation of the inverter to the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter (SF).	According to capacities	Terminal Connection
	Radio noise filter	FR-BIF(H)	For radio noise reduction (connect to the input side)	Shared among	Ē
Jare	Line noise filter	FR- BSF01 FR- BLF	For line noise reduction	all models	panel
Stand-alone shared	Filterpack	FR-BFP2	Combination of power factor improving DC reactor, zero phase reactor, and capacitative filter	Three-phase power input model: compatible with 0.4K or bigger capacity	operation panel
Sta	Brake resistor	MRS type, MYS type	For increasing the regenerative braking capability (permissible duty 3%/6%ED)	200V: For the 0.4K or more	Daramatar
	High-duty brake resistor	FR-ABR	For increasing the regenerative braking capability (permissible duty 10%/6%ED)		
	Brake unit Resistor unit Discharging resistor	FR-BU2 FR-BR GZG, GRZG type	For increasing the braking capability of the inverter (for high-inertia load or negative load) Brake unit, electrical-discharge resistor and resistor unit are used in combination	For the 0.4K or more	Destactive
	Power regeneration common converter Stand-alone reactor dedicated for the FR-CV	FR-CV FR-CVL	Unit which can return motor-generated braking energy back to the power supply in common converter system	According to	à
	High power factor converter	FR-HC2	The high power factor converter switches the converter section on/off to reshape an input current waveform into a sine wave, greatly suppressing harmonics. (Used in combination with the standard accessory.)	capacities	
	Surge voltage suppression filter	FR-ASF	Filter for suppressing surge voltage on motor	400V: According to capacities	
		FR-BMF		400V: For the 5.5K or more	
	Manual controller	FR-AX	For independent operation. With frequency meter, frequency potentiometer and start switch.		
	DC tach. follower	FR-AL	For synchronous operation (1VA) by external signal (0 to 5V, 0 to 10V DC)*		eries
speed controller	Three speed selector	FR-AT	For three speed switching, among high, middle and low speed operation (1.5VA)*		FR-D700 Series
2	Motorized speed setter	FR-FK	For remote operation. Allows operation to be controlled from several places (5VA)*		Ë
ē	Ratio setter	FR-FH	For ratio operation. The ratios of five inverters can be set (3VA)*		
0 P	Speed detector	FR-FP	For tracking operation by a pilot generator (PG) signal (2VA)*		ALC: N
99C	Master controller	FR-FG	Master controller (5VA) for parallel operation of multiple (maximum 35) inverters.*		Lan Lan
ŝ	Soft starter	FR-FC	For soft start and stop. Enables acceleration/deceleration in parallel operation (3VA)*	Shared among	Warrantv
	Deviation detector	FR-FD	For continuous speed control operation. Used in combination with a deviation sensor or synchro (5VA)*	all models	
	Preamplifier	FR-FA	Used as an A/V converter or arithmetic amplifier (3VA)*		
	Pilot generator	QVAH-10	For tracking operation. 70V/35VAC 500Hz (at 2500r/min) For continuous speed control operation (mechanical deviation detection)		
	Deviation sensor	YVGC-500W-NS	Output 90VAC/90°C		
2	Frequency setting potentiometer	WA2W 1kΩ	For frequency setting. Wire-wound 2W 1kΩ type B characteristic		
Siamo	Analog frequency meter (64mm × 60mm)	YM206NRI 1mA	Dedicated frequency meter (graduated to 130Hz). Moving-coil type DC ammeter		
	Calibration resistor	RV24YN 10kΩ	For frequency meter calibration. Carbon film type B characteristic	]	
	FR Configurator SW3(VFD setup	FR-SW3-SETUP-	Supports an inverter startup to maintenance.		
	software)	WE			

\* Rated power consumption. The power supply specifications of the FR series manual controllers and speed controllers are 200VAC 50Hz, 220V/220VAC 60Hz, and 115VAC 60Hz.

### Peripheral devices/cable size list

ge	Applicable	Motor	breaker (M earth leak breaker	ase circuit ICCB) *1 or age circuit (ELB) *2 V type)	-					gauge	Reactor	
Voltage	inverter	output	Power facto	rimproving	Power facto	r improving	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 +4					
>	model	(kW)	(AC or DO	Power factor improving (AC or DC) reactor connection		Power factor improving (AC or DC) reactor connection		Power factor improving (AC or DC) reactor connection		FR-HAL	FR-HEL	
			Without	With	Without	With	Without	With				
	FR-D720-0.1K	0.1	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7	
	FR-D720-0.2K	0.2	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7	
	FR-D720-0.4K	0.4	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K	0.4K	
200V	FR-D720-0.75K	0.75	10A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.75K	0.75K	
	FR-D720-1.5K	1.5	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	1.5K	1.5K	
hree-Phase	FR-D720-2.2K	2.2	20A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	2.2K	2.2K	
ee-F	FR-D720-3.7K	3.7	30A	30A	S-T21	S-T10	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7K	3.7K	
Thr	FR-D720-5.5K	5.5	50A	40A	S-T21	S-T21	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5K	5.5K	
	FR-D720-7.5K	7.5	60A	50A	S-T35	S-T35	14	8	8	7.5K	7.5K	
	FR-D720-11K	11	75A	75A	S-T35	S-T35	14	14	14	11K	11K	
	FR-D720-15K	15	125A	100A	S-T50	S-T50	22	22	22	15K	15K	
	FR-D740-0.4K	0.4	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H0.4K	H0.4K	
	FR-D740-0.75K	0.75	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H0.75K	H0.75K	
400V	FR-D740-1.5K	1.5	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H1.5K	H1.5K	
	FR-D740-2.2K	2.2	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H2.2K	H2.2K	
hree-phase	FR-D740-3.7K	3.7	20A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H3.7K	H3.7K	
ee-b	FR-D740-5.5K	5.5	30A	20A	S-T21	S-T12	3.5	2	2	H5.5K	H5.5K	
Thr	FR-D740-7.5K	7.5	30A	30A	S-T21	S-T21	3.5	3.5	3.5	H7.5K	H7.5K	
	FR-D740-11K	11	50A	40A	S-T21	S-T21	5.5	5.5	5.5	H11K	H11K	
	FR-D740-15K	15	60A	50A	S-T35	S-T21	8	5.5	5.5	H15K	H15K	
2	FR-D720S-0.1K	0.1	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7	
200\	FR-D720S-0.2K	0.2	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7	
Single-phase	FR-D720S-0.4K	0.4	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.75K *7	0.75K *7	
hq-e	FR-D720S-0.75K	0.75	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	1.5K *7	1.5K *7	
ingle	FR-D720S-1.5K	1.5	20A	20A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	2.2K *7	2.2K *7	
ŝ	FR-D720S-2.2K	2.2	40A	30A	S-T21	S-T10	3.5	3.5	2	<b>3.7K</b> *7	<b>3.7K</b> *7	
100V	FR-D710W-0.1K	0.1	10A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.75K *6*7	*8	
e-Phase 1	FR-D710W-0.2K	0.2	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	1.5K *6*7	*8	
gle-Ph	FR-D710W-0.4K	0.4	15A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	2.2K *6*7	*8	
Singl	FR-D710W-0.75K	0.75	30A	20A	S-T10	S-T10	3.5	3.5	2	3.7K *6*7	*8	

\*1 Select an MCCB according to the inverter power supply capacity. Install one MCCB per inverter.

\*2 For the use in the United States or Canada, select a UL and cUL certified fuse with Class T fuse equivalent cut-off speed or faster with the appropriate rating for branch circuit protection. Alternatively, select a UL489 molded case circuit breaker (MCCB).

\*3 The magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stops during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.

If using an MC for emergency stop during motor driving, select an MC regarding the inverter input side current as JEM1038-AC-3 class rated current. When using an MC on the inverter output side for commercial-power supply operation switching using a general purpose motor, select an MC regarding the motor rated current as JEM1038-AC-3 class rated current.

\*4 When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/L2.

\*5 The cable size is that of the cable (HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable) etc.) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

\*6 When connecting a single-phase 100V power input model to a power transformer (50kVA or more), install an AC reactor (FR-HAL) so that the performance is more reliable.

\*7 The power factor may be slightly lower.

\*8 Single-phase 100V power input model is not compatible with DC reactor.



Note

- When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter model and cable and reactor according to the motor output.
- When the breaker on the inverter primary side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power on the breaker.

REALD D700 series

### Selecting the rated sensitivity current for the earth leakage current breaker

When using the earth leakage current breaker with the inverter circuit, select its rated sensitivity current as follows, independently of the PWM carrier frequency.

Breaker designed for harmonic and surge suppression

- Rated sensitivity current I∆n≥10×(Ig1+Ign+Igi+Ig2+Igm) Standard breaker
- Rated sensitivity current I∆n≥10×{Ig1+Ign+Igi+3X(Ig2+Igm)}

Ig1, Ig2: Leakage currents in wire path during commercial power supply operation

- : Leakage current of inverter input side noise filter Ign
- Igm : Leakage current of motor during commercial power supply operation
- : Leakage current of inverter unit lgi Example of leakage current Example of leakage current of cable path per 1km during the commercial power supply operation when the CV cable is routed in

of three-phase induction motor during the commercial power supply operation (200V 60Hz)



metal conduit



Example of leakage current of three-

commercial power supply operation

(Totally-enclosed fan-cooled type motor 400V60Hz)

3.7 7.5 5.5 11

phase induction motor during the

2.0

1.0

0.3

0.2

0.

1.5 2.2

(MA)

leakage currents ( 0. 7 0. 5

Example of leakage current per 1km during the commercial power supply operation when the CV cable is routed in metal conduit (Three-phase three-wire delta connection 400V60Hz)





15 20 Motor capacity (kW) For " / connection, the amount of leakage current is appox.1/3 of the above value

Example



(Note) 1 Install the earth leakage breaker (ELB) on the input side of the inverter.

2 In the  $\downarrow$  connection earthed-neutral system, the sensitivity current is blunt against an earth (ground) fault in the inverter output side. Earthing (Grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical codes. (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards)

### Selection example

(in the case of the above figure (400V class  $\land$  connection))

	Breaker Designed for Harmonic and Surge Suppression	Standard Breaker		
Leakage current Ig1 (mA)	$\frac{1}{3} \times 66 \times \frac{5n}{1000}$			
Leakage current Ign (mA)	0 (without noise filter)			
Leakage current lgi (mA)	1			
Leakage current	$\frac{1}{3} \times 66 \times \frac{60}{100}$	n = 1.32		
lg2 (mA)	3 1000	)m		
Motor leakage current Igm (mA)	0.3	6		
Total leakage current (mA)	2.79	6.15		
Rated sensitivity current (mA) ( $\geq$ lg × 10)	30	100		

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# REARCE D700 series

### Precautions for use of the inverter

A Safety Precautions

- To operate the inverter correctly and safely, be sure to read the "instruction manual" before starting operation.
- This product has not been designed or manufactured for use with any equipment or system operated under life-threatening conditions.
- Please contact our sales office when you are considering using this product in special applications such as passenger mobile, medical, aerospace, nuclear, power or undersea relay equipment or system.
- Although this product is manufactured under strict quality control, safety devices should be installed when a serious accident or loss is expected by a failure of this product.
- The load used should be a three-phase induction motor only.

### Operation

- A magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side should not be used to make frequent starts and stops. It could cause the inverter to fail.
- However, at this time, the motor cannot be brought to a sudden stop. Hence, provide a mechanical stopping/holding mechanism for the machine/equipment which requires an emergency stop.
- It will take time for the capacitor to discharge after shutoff of the inverter power supply. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check to make sure that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like.

### Wiring

- Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Therefore, fully check the wiring and sequence to ensure that wiring is correct, etc. before powering on.
- The terminals P/+, PR, P1, N/- are provided for connection of a dedicated option. Connect only a dedicated option. Do not short the frequency setting power supply terminal 10 and common terminal 5 or the terminal PC and terminal SD.
- When disconnecting a wire from a control circuit terminal, push the open/close button all the way down with a flathead screwdriver, and pull out the wire. Pulling out the wire forcefully without pushing the open/close button all the way down may damage the terminal block.

### Power supply

 When the inverter is connected under a large-capacity power transformer (500kVA or more transformer) or when a power capacitor is to be switched over, an excessive peak current may flow in the power input circuit, damaging the inverter.



To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL). When connecting a single-phase 100V power input model to a power transformer (50kVA or more), install an AC reactor (FR-HAL) so that the performance is more reliable.

 If a surge voltage occurs in the power supply system, this surge energy may flow into the inverter, causing the inverter to display overvoltage protection (E.OV<sup>III</sup>) and come to an inverter trip. To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL).

### Installation

- Avoid hostile environment where oil mist, fluff, dust particles, etc. are suspended in the air, and install the inverter in a clean place or put it in an ingress-protected "enclosed" enclosure. When placing the inverter in an enclosure, determine the cooling system and enclosure dimensions so that the surrounding air temperature of the inverter is within the permissible value. (*refer to page 10* for the specified value)
- Do not install the inverter on wood or other combustible material as it will be hot partly.
- Install the inverter in the vertical orientation.

### Setting

- The inverter can be operated as fast as a maximum of 400Hz by parameter setting. Therefore, incorrect setting can cause a danger. Set the upper limit using the maximum frequency limit setting function.
- A setting higher than the initial value of DC injection brake operation voltage or operation time can cause motor overheat (electronic thermal relay error).
- Do not set *Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty* except for using the optional brake resistor. This function is used to protect the brake resistor from overheating. Do not set the value exceeding permissible duty of the brake resistor.

### **Precautions for selection**

### Inverter capacity selection

 When operating a special motor or more than one motor in parallel with a single inverter, select the inverter capacity so that 1.05 times the total rated motor current is less than the rated output current of the inverter.

### Starting torque of the motor

• The start and acceleration characteristics of the motor driven by the inverter are restricted by the overload current rating of that inverter. Generally the torque characteristic is less than when the motor is started by a commercial power supply. If torque boost adjustment or General-purpose magnetic flux vector control cannot provide enough torque when a large starting torque is necessary, select the inverter of one rank higher capacity or increase the capacities of both the motor and inverter.

### Acceleration/deceleration times

- The acceleration/deceleration time of the motor depends on the motor-generated torque, load torque and moment of inertia of the load (J).
- When the stall prevention function is activated during acceleration/deceleration, increase the acceleration/ deceleration time as the actual time may become longer.
- To decrease the acceleration/deceleration time, increase the torque boost value (setting of a too large value may activate the stall prevention function at a start, longer the acceleration time), use the General-purpose magnetic flux vector control or increase the inverter and motor capacities. To decrease the deceleration time, it is necessary to add optional brake resistor MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR (for the 0.4K or more), the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), or a similar device to absorb braking energy.

### Power transfer mechanism

### (reduction gear, belt, chain, etc.)

• When an oil-lubricated gear box, speed change/reduction gear or similar device is used in the power transfer system, note that continuous operation at low speed only may deteriorate oil lubrication, causing seizure. When performing fast operation at higher than 60Hz, fully note that such operation will cause strength shortage due to the noise, life or centrifugal force of the power transfer mechanism.

### Instructions for overload operation

• When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current.

<sup>-</sup>eatures

Standard

# Installation and selection of moulded case circuit breaker

Install a moulded case circuit breaker (MCCB) on the power receiving side to protect the wiring of the inverter input side. For MCCB selection, refer to *page 28* since it depends on the inverter power supply side power factor (which changes depending on the power supply voltage, output frequency and load). Especially for a completely electromagnetic MCCB, one of a slightly large capacity must be selected since its operation characteristic varies with harmonic currents. (Check it in the data of the corresponding breaker.) As an earth leakage current breaker, use the Mitsubishi earth leakage current breaker designed for harmonics and surge suppression. (*Refer to page 29*)

When installing a moulded case circuit breaker on the output side of the inverter, contact each manufacturer for selection of the moulded case circuit breaker.

# Handling of the inverter input side magnetic contactor

- For operation via external terminal (terminal STF or STR used), provide an input side MC to prevent an accident caused by a natural restart at power recovery after a power failure, such as an instantaneous power failure, and to ensure safety for maintenance work. Do not use this magnetic contactor to make frequent starts and stops. (The switching life of the inverter input circuit is about 1,000,000 times.) For parameter unit operation, an automatic restart after power failure is not made and the MC cannot be used to make a start. Note that the primary side MC may be used to make a stop but the regenerative brake specific to the inverter does not operate and the motor is coasted to a stop.
- Installation of a magnetic contactor at the input side is recommended. A magnetic contactor avoids overheat or burnout of a brake resistor when heat capacity of the resistor is insufficient or a brake regenerative transistor is damaged with short while connecting an optional brake resistor. In this case, shut-off the magnetic contactor when fault occurs and inverter trips.

# Handling of the inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned on while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When an MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it on/off after the inverter and motor have stopped.

### Thermal relay installation

The inverter has an electronic thermal relay function to protect the motor from overheating. However, when running multiple motors with one inverter or operating a multi-pole motor, provide a thermal relay (OCR) between the inverter and motor. In this case, set the electronic thermal relay function of the inverter to 0A. And for the setting of the thermal relay, add the line-to line leakage current (*refer to page 33*) to the current value on the motor rating plate.

For low-speed operation where the cooling capability of the motor reduces, it is recommended to use a thermal relay protector incorporated motor.

# Measuring instrument on the output side

When the inverter-to-motor wiring length is large, especially in the 400V class, small-capacity models, the meters and CTs may generate heat due to line-to-line leakage current. Therefore, choose the equipment which has enough allowance for the current rating.

# Disuse of power factor improving capacitor (power capacitor)

The power factor improving capacitor and surge suppressor on the inverter output side may be overheated or damaged by the harmonic components of the inverter output. Also, since an excessive current flows in the inverter to activate overcurrent protection, do not install a capacitor or surge suppressor. For power factor improvement, use a DC reactor.

### Electrical corrosion of the bearing

 When a motor is driven by the inverter, axial voltage is generated on the motor shaft, which may cause electrical corrosion of the bearing in rare cases depending on the wiring, load, operating conditions of the motor or specific inverter settings (high carrier frequency, use of a capacitive filter\*1). Contact your sales representative to take appropriate countermeasures for the motor.

The following shows examples of countermeasures for the inverter.

- Decrease the carrier frequency.
- Remove the capacitive filter.
- Provide a common mode choke\*2 on the output side of the inverter. (This is effective regardless of the use of the capacitive filter.)
- \*1 Mitsubishi capacitive filter: FR-BIF, SF[], FR-E5NF-[], FR-S5NFSA[], FR-BFP2-[]
- \*2 Recommended common mode choke: FT-3KM F series FINEMET<sup>®</sup> common mode choke cores manufactured by Hitachi Metals, Ltd. FINEMET is a registered trademark of Hitachi Metals, Ltd.

### Wire thickness and wiring distance

When the wiring length between the inverter and motor is long, use thick wires so that the voltage drop of the main circuit cable is 2% or less especially at low frequency output. (A selection example for the wiring distance of 20m is shown on *page 28*) Especially at a long wiring distance, the maximum wiring length should be within the length in the table below since the overcurrent protection function may be misactivated by the influence of a charging current due to the stray capacitances of the wiring.

(The overall wiring length for connection of multiple motors should be within the value in the table below.)

Pr. 72 Setting (carrier frequency)		0.1K	0.2K	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K or more
1 or less	100V 200V	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m	500m
	400V	_	_	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m
2 to 15	100V 200V	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m
	400V	_	_	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m

When using the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with wiring length exceeding below, select "without frequency search" (Pr:162 = "1, 11").

Motor Capacity	0.1K	0.2K	0.4K or more
Wiring Length	20m	50m	100m

Use the recommended connection cable when connecting the parameter unit.

For remote operation via analog signal, wire the control cable between the operation box or operation signal and inverter within 30m and away from the power circuits (main circuit and relay sequence circuit) to prevent induction from other devices.

When using the external potentiometer instead of the parameter unit to set the frequency, use a shielded or twisted cable, and do not earth (ground) the shield, but connect it to terminal 5 as shown below.





### Earth (Ground)

When the inverter is run in the low acoustic noise mode, more leakage currents occur than in the non-low acoustic noise mode due to high-speed switching operation. Be sure to earth (ground) the inverter and motor before use. In addition, always use the earth (ground) terminal of the inverter to earth (ground) the inverter. (Do not use the case and chassis)

### Noise

When performing low-noise operation at higher carrier frequency, electromagnetic noise tends to increase. Therefore, refer to the following measure example and consider taking the measures. Depending on the installation condition, the inverter may be affected by noise in a non-low noise (initial) status.

- The noise level can be reduced by decreasing the carrier frequency (*Pr. 72*).
- As measures against AM radio broadcasting noise, radio noise filter FR-BIF produces an effect.
- As measures against sensor malfunction, line noise filter FR-BSF01, FR-BLF produces an effect.
- As measures against induction noise from the power cable of the inverter, an effect is produced by putting a distance of 30cm (at least 10cm) or more and using a twisted pair shielded cable as a signal cable. Do not earth (ground) shield but connect it to signal common cable.

### Noise reduction examples



### Leakage currents

Capacitances exist between the inverter I/O cables, other cables and earth and in the motor, through which a leakage current flows. Since its value depends on the static capacitances, carrier frequency, etc., low acoustic noise operation at the increased carrier frequency of the inverter will increase the leakage current. Therefore, take the following measures. Select the earth leakage current breaker according to its rated sensitivity current, independently of the carrier frequency setting. (*Refer to page 29*)

### To-earth (ground) leakage currents

Туре	Influence and Measures
Influence and measures	<ul> <li>Leakage currents may flow not only into the inverter's own line but also into the other line through the earth (ground) cable, etc. These leakage currents may operate earth (ground) leakage circuit breakers and earth leakage relays unnecessarily.</li> <li>Countermeasures</li> <li>If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the <i>Pr</i>: 72 <i>PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select <i>Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection</i> to make the sound inoffensive.</li> <li>By using earth leakage circuit breakers designed for harmonic and surge suppression in the inverter's own line and other line, operation can be performed with the carrier frequency kept high (with low noise).</li> </ul>
Undesirable current path	Power supply

### Line leakage current

Туре	Influence and Measures
Influence and measures	<ul> <li>This leakage current flows via a static capacitance between the inverter output cables.</li> <li>The external thermal relay may be operated unnecessarily by the harmonics of the leakage current. When the wiring length is long (50m or more) for the 400V class model, the external thermal relay is likely to operate unnecessarily because the ratio of the leakage current to the rated motor current increases.</li> <li>Countermeasures</li> <li>Use <i>Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i>.</li> <li>If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select <i>Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection</i> to make the sound inoffensive. To ensure that the motor is protected against line-to-line leakage currents, it is recommended to use a temperature sensor to directly detect motor temperature.</li> </ul>
Undesirable current path	MCCB MC Power supply Line-to-line leakage currents path

### •Harmonic suppression guideline

Inverters have a converter section (rectifier circuit) and generate a harmonic current. Harmonic currents flow from the inverter to a power receiving point via a power transformer. The harmonic suppression guideline was established to protect other consumers from these outgoing harmonic currents.

The three-phase 200V input specifications 3.7kW or less, singlephase 200V input specifications 2.2kW or less, single-phase 100V input specifications 0.75kW or less are previously covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" and other models are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage". However, the transistorized inverter has been excluded from the target products covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" in January 2004 and "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and generalpurpose products" was repealed on September 6, 2004.

All capacity and all models of general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage".

 "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage"

This guideline sets forth the maximum values of harmonic currents outgoing from a high-voltage or especially high-voltage consumer who will install, add or renew harmonic generating equipment. If any of the maximum values is exceeded, this guideline requires that consumer to take certain suppression measures.

Users who use models other than the target models are not covered by the guideline. However, we ask to connect an AC reactor or a DC reactor as before to the users who are not covered by the guideline. For compliance to the harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage Options

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Protective Functions

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Input Power Supply	Target Capacity	Countermeasures
Single-phase 100V Single-phase 200V Three-phase 200V Three-phase 400V	All capacities	<ul> <li>Make a judgment based on "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage" issued by the Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (formerly Ministry of International Trade and Industry) in September 1994 and take measures if necessary. For calculation method of power supply harmonics, refer to materials below.</li> <li>Reference materials</li> <li>"Harmonic suppression measures of the inverter" Jan. 2004 Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association</li> <li>"Calculation method of harmonic current of the general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers" JEM-TR201 (revised in Dec. 2003): Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association</li> </ul>

For compliance to "Harmonic suppression guideline of the transistorized inverter (input current of 20A or less) for consumers other than specific consumers" published by JEMA.

Input Power Supply	Target Capacity	Countermeasures
Single- phase 100V	0.75kW or less	Connect the AC reactor or DC reactor recommended in a catalog or an instruction manual.
Single- phase 200V	2.2kW or less	Reference materials <ul> <li>"Harmonic suppression guideline of the general-purpose inverter (input current of</li> </ul>
Three- phase 200V	3.7kW or less	20A or less)" JEM-TR226 (revised in Dec. 2003): Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association

•Calculation of outgoing harmonic current

Outgoing harmonic current = fundamental wave current (value converted from received power voltage)  $\times$  operation ratio  $\times$  harmonic content

•Operation ratio: Operation ratio = actual load factor operation time ratio during 30 minutes

•Harmonic content: Found in Table.

	Reactor	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th
Three-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing)	Not used	65	41	8.5	7.7	4.3	3.1	2.6	1.8
	Used (AC side)	38	14.5	7.4	3.4	3.2	1.9	1.7	1.3
	Used (DC side)	30	13	8.4	5.0	4.7	3.2	3.0	2.2
	Used (AC, DC sides)	28	9.1	7.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.6	1.4
Single-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing, double voltage rectification)	Not used	50	24	5.1	4.0	1.5	1.4	_	
	Used (AC side)	6.0	3.9	1.6	1.2	0.6	0.1	_	_
Single-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing, full-wave rectification)	Not used	60	33.5	6.1	6.4	2.6	2.7	1.5	1.5
	Used (AC side)	31.9	8.3	3.8	3.0	1.7	1.4	1.0	0.7

Table 1: Harmonic Contents (Values at the fundamental current of 100%)

Table 2: Rated Capacities and Outgoing Harmonic Currents for Three-phase Inverter Drive

	Fundamental Wave Current (A)		Current SkV (mA)	(kVA)	Ou		Harmo reacto	6.6kV	(mA)			om
Applied Motor kW	200V	400V	Fundamental Wave Current Converted from 6.6kV (mA)	Rated Capacity (kVA)	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th
0.4	1.61	0.81	49	0.57	31.85	20.09	4.165	3.773	2.107	1.519	1.274	0.882
0.75	2.74	1.37	83	0.97	53.95	34.03	7.055	6.391	3.569	2.573	2.158	1.494
1.5	5.50	2.75	167	1.95	108.6	68.47	14.20	12.86	7.181	5.177	4.342	3.006
2.2	7.93	3.96	240	2.81	156.0	98.40	20.40	18.48	10.32	7.440	6.240	4.320
3.7	13.0	6.50	394	4.61	257.1	161.5	33.49	30.34	16.94	12.21	10.24	7.092
5.5	19.1	9.55	579	6.77	376.1	237.4	49.22	44.58	24.90	17.95	15.05	10.42
7.5	25.6	12.8	776	9.07	504.4	318.2	65.96	59.75	33.37	24.06	20.18	13.97
11	36.9	18.5	1121	13.1	728.7	459.6	95.29	86.32	48.20	34.75	29.15	20.18
15	49.8	24.9	1509	17.6	980.9	618.7	128.3	116.2	64.89	46.78	39.24	27.16

Table 3: Conversion factors

Classification	Circu	Conversion Factor Ki	
		Without reactor	K31=3.4
3	Three-phase bridge	With reactor (AC side)	K32=1.8
3	(capacitor smoothing)	With reactor (DC side)	K33=1.8
		With reactors (AC, DC sides)	K34=1.4
	Single-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing,	Without reactor	K41=2.3
4	double voltage rectification)	With reactor (AC side)	K42=0.35
-	Single-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing,	Without reactor	K43=2.9
	full-wave rectification)	With reactor (AC side)	K44=1.3
5	Self-excitation three-phase bridge	When a high power factor converter is used	K5=0

# FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List

ltem	Japanese Specification	NA Specification	EC Specification	CHT Specification		
	FR-D720-0.1K to 15K	FR-D720-008 to 318-NA				
Applicable Capacity	FR-D740-0.4K to 15K	FR-D740-012 to 160-NA	FR-D740-012 to 160-EC	FR-D740-0.4K to 7.5K-CHT		
	FR-D720S-0.1K to 2.2K	FR-D720S-008 to 100-NA	FR-D720S-008 to 100-EC	FR-D720S-0.1K to 2.2K-CHT		
Туре	FR-D710W-0.1K to 0.75K	FR-D710W-008 to 042-NA	Type : Rated current value	Type : Rated capacity (kW)		
	Type : Rated capacity (kW)	Type : Rated current value				
Main Circuit Terminal						
Name	RS	S, T		2   3		
AC Power Input	, v	5, 1	L1, L2, L3			
Three-phase Input						
Single-phase Input	R,	S	L1	, N		
Brake Unit	Р	Ν	+	, -		
Connection	1,			, -		
Control Terminal Logic	Sink logic	Sink logic	Source logic	Sink logic		
Initial Setting						
Control Terminal						
Contact Input Common	00	00	50	05		
Terminal	SD	SD	PC	SD		
Initial Setting						
Monitor Output						
<b>Terminal For Indicator</b>	FM (Digital output)	AM (Analog output)	AM (Analog output)	AM (Analog output)		
Parameter						
Pr.3, Pr.4, Pr.20,						
Pr.55, Pr.66, Pr.84,						
Pr.125, Pr.126, Pr.903,	60Hz	60Hz	50Hz	50Hz		
Pr.905, Pr.923						
Initial Value						
Pr.19 Initial Value	9999	9999	8888	9999		
Pr.122 Initial Value	0	9999	9999	0		
Pr.145 Initial Value	0	1	1	1		
Pr.160 Initial Value	9999	0	0	9999		
Pr.249 Initial Value	0	0	1	1		
	Pr.54 FM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function		
Indicator Output	selection,	selection,	selection,	selection,		
<b>Terminal Function</b>	Pr.900 FM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal		
	calibration	calibration	calibration	calibration		
Traverse Function	Without	Without	With	With		
Pr.592 to Pr.597	Without	Williout	v v i ci i	••••		

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 $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$  series

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Warranty International FA Center When using this product, make sure to understand the warranty described below.

1. Warranty period and coverage

We will repair any failure or defect (hereinafter referred to as "failure") in our FA equipment (hereinafter referred to as the "Product") arisen during warranty period at no charge due to causes for which we are responsible through the distributor from which you purchased the Product or our service provider. However, we will charge the actual cost of dispatching our engineer for an on-site repair work on request by customer in Japan or overseas countries. We are not responsible for any on-site readjustment and/or trial run that may be required after a defective unit are repaired or replaced.

### [Term]

The term of warranty for Product is twelve months after your purchase or delivery of the Product to a place designated by you or eighteen months from the date of manufacture whichever comes first ("Warranty Period"). Warranty period for repaired Product cannot exceed beyond the original warranty period before any repair work.

### [Limitations]

- (1) You are requested to conduct an initial failure diagnosis by yourself, as a general rule. It can also be carried out by us or our service company upon your request and the actual cost will be charged.
  - However, it will not be charged if we are responsible for the cause of the failure.
- (2) This limited warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are set forth in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product and the caution label affixed to the Product.
- (3) Even during the term of warranty, the repair cost will be charged on you in the following cases;
  - 1) a failure caused by your improper storing or handling, carelessness or negligence, etc., and a failure caused by your hardware or software problem
  - 2) a failure caused by any alteration, etc. to the Product made on your side without our approval
  - a failure which may be regarded as avoidable, if your equipment in which the Product is incorporated is equipped with a safety device required by applicable laws and has any function or structure considered to be indispensable according to a common sense in the industry
  - a failure which may be regarded as avoidable if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual, etc. are duly
    maintained and replaced
  - 5) any replacement of consumable parts (condenser, cooling fan, etc.)
  - 6) a failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including without limitation fire and abnormal fluctuation of voltage, and acts of God, including without limitation earthquake, lightning and natural disasters
  - 7) a failure generated by an unforeseeable cause with a scientific technology that was not available at the time of the shipment of the Product from our company
  - 8) any other failures which we are not responsible for or which you acknowledge we are not responsible for
- 2. Term of warranty after the stop of production
  - (1) We may accept the repair at charge for another seven (7) years after the production of the product is discontinued. The
  - announcement of the stop of production for each model can be seen in our Sales and Service, etc.
  - (2) Please note that the Product (including its spare parts) cannot be ordered after its stop of production.
- 3. Service in overseas

Our regional FA Center in overseas countries will accept the repair work of the Product; however, the terms and conditions of the repair work may differ depending on each FA Center. Please ask your local FA center for details.

- 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability
  - Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to:
  - (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi.
  - (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products.
  - (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products.
  - (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.
- 5. Change of Product specifications

Specifications listed in our catalogs, manuals or technical documents may be changed without notice.

- 6. Application and use of the Product
  - (1) For the use of our product, its applications should be those that may not result in a serious damage even if any failure or malfunction occurs in product, and a backup or fail-safe function should operate on an external system to product when any failure or malfunction occurs.
  - (2) Our product is designed and manufactured as a general purpose product for use at general industries.

Therefore, applications substantially influential on the public interest for such as atomic power plants and other power plants of electric power companies, and also which require a special quality assurance system, including applications for railway companies and government or public offices are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used.

In addition, applications which may be substantially influential to human lives or properties for such as airlines, medical treatments, railway service, incineration and fuel systems, man-operated material handling equipment, entertainment machines, safety machines, etc. are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used. We will review the acceptability of the abovementioned applications, if you agree not to require a specific quality for a specific application. Please contact us for consultation.

### MEMO

# $\operatorname{RHIRUL} D700 \operatorname{series}$

Features
 Standard Specifications
Outline Dimension Drawings
Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation
Operation panel Parameter unit
 Parameter List
Protective Functions
Options
Instructions
FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List
Warranty International FA Center

# We visualize our customers' factories to solve problems and troubles.

# "Visualization" of production and energy achieves future factories that advance one step forward.

The integrated solution, e-F@ctory, is based on our consolidated know-how, which has been developed through our own experiences as a user of FA products. Our e-F@ctory provides total cost reduction ranging from development to production and maintenance to achieve optimized production. This solution makes it possible to save energy and to optimize production by "visualization" that links upstream information systems and production site information, thus solving various problems on production sites.

### Sharing information across production systems

### MES Interface

Information sharing is easy and inexpensive because communication gateways, such as personal computers, are not necessary to connect factory equipment to the Manufacturing Execution System (MES).

### **Optimizing production from a TCO\* stand point**

### iQ Platform

Factory automation components such as controllers, human-machine interfaces, engineering environments, and networks are all seamlessly integrated to reduce TCO across different stages, from development to production and maintenance.



### Visualization of energy consumption

### e&eco-F@ctory

It is indispensable for today's factory to be energy conscious and efficient. The e-F@ctory solution enables management of specific energy consumption, which provides the visibility needed to improve productivity. Additionally, this solution takes the total life cycle into account, including factors such as "measurement and diagnosis", "countermeasures", and "operation and management". Backed by several successes and achievements, our knowhow will support your energy saving efforts.

### Network

CC-Link Family, the open field network of the world standard, and SSCNET III/H, the servo network for achieving high-speed processing and enhancement of instruction synchronization, flexibly expanding the connectivity among equipment and devices in the e-F@ctory environment.

### iQ Platform-compatible equipment

The inter-multi-CPU high-speed base unit provides slots for arbitrarily connecting programmable controllers, motion controllers, on-line CNCs, and robot controllers. Data communication speed among devices is enhanced, and their compatibility is extremely improved.





# iQ Platform-compatible engineering environments

Design information is integrated and shared at stages from system design to programming, tests and startup, and operation and maintenance. In addition, programming software programs for programmable controllers, motion controllers, on-line CNCs, robots, inverters, and GOTs, which are separately provided in a conventional environment, can be integrated

REUROL D700 series



# Global network for comprehensive support of



# customers' manufacturing.



Service bases are established around the world to globally provide the same services as in Japan.

# Overseas bases are opened one after another to support business expansion of our customers.

Overseas bases As of July 2014 * Some includes distributors				
Area	Our overseas offices	FA Center (Satellite)	Bases providing our products	Countries (Regions)
EMEA	11	6 (2)	146	54
China	13	4 (10)	171	1
Asia	21	13	79	10
America	14	4 (0)	130	16
Others	1	0	3	2
Total	60	27 (12)	529	83

### MEMO

Trademarks

Ethernet is a registered trademark of Fuji Xerox Corporation in Japan.

Windows and Windows Vista are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

Other company and product names herein are the trademarks and registered trademarks of their respective owners.

### ▲ Safety Warning

To ensure proper use of the products listed in this catalog, please be sure to read the instruction manual prior to use.

MODBUS is a registered trademark of SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC USA, INC.

# **YOUR SOLUTION PARTNER**



Mitsubishi Electric offers a wide range of automation equipment from PLCs and HMIs to CNC and EDM machines.

### **A NAME TO TRUST**

Since its beginnings in 1870, some 45 companies use the Mitsubishi name, covering a spectrum of finance, commerce and industry.

The Mitsubishi brand name is recognized around the world as a symbol of premium quality.

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation is active in space development, transportation, semi-conductors, energy systems, communications and information processing, audio visual equipment and home electronics, building and energy management and automation systems, and has 237 factories and laboratories worldwide in over 121 countries. This is why you can rely on Mitsubishi Electric automation solution - because we know first hand about the need for reliable, efficient, easy-to-use automation and control in our own factories.

As one of the world's leading companies with a global turnover of over 4 trillion Yen (over \$40 billion), employing over 100,000 people, Mitsubishi Electric has the resource and the commitment to deliver the ultimate in service and support as well as the best products.



Low-voltage Circuit Breakers, Motor Starters



High-voltage Circuit Breakers, High-voltage Contactors



Energy Saving Supporting Devices, Power Monitoring Products



Programmable Controllers, HMIs (Human-Machine Interfaces)



AC Servos, Three-phase Motors, IPM Motors Inverters, Geared Motors



Computerized Numerical Controllers (CNCs)



Industrial Robots



Electrical Discharge Machines, Laser Processing Machines, Electron Beam Machines



Distribution Transformers



\* Not all products are available in all countries.

Pressurized Ventilation Fans, Uninterruptible Power Supplies

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation Nagoya Works is a factory certified for ISO14001 (standards for environmental management systems) and ISO9001(standards for quality assurance management systems)





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